

# CS302 - Data Structures *using C++*

Topic: Queues and Priority Queues

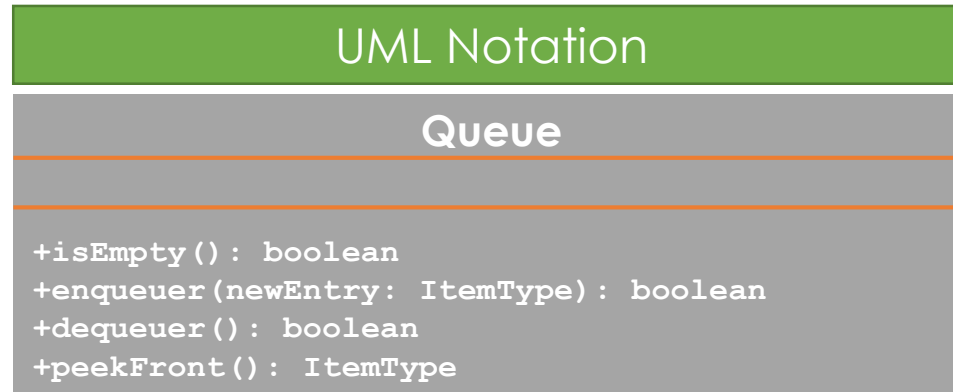
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# The ADT Queue

- Like a line of people
  - First person in line is first person served
  - New element of queue enter at its back
  - Items leave the queue from its front
- Called FIFO behavior
  - First In First Out

# The ADT Queue

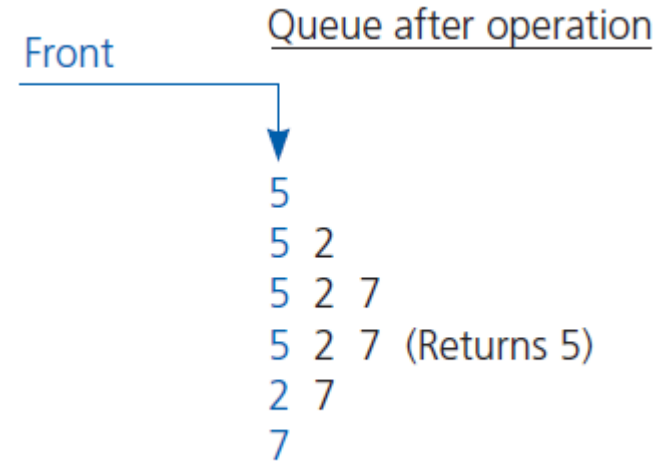
- UML diagram for the ADT queue



# The ADT Queue

- Example queue operations

```
aQueue = an empty queue  
aQueue.enqueue(5)  
aQueue.enqueue(2)  
aQueue.enqueue(7)  
aQueue.peekFront(5)  
aQueue.dequeue()  
aQueue.dequeue()
```



# The ADT Queue

- C++ Interface for queues

```
#ifndef QUEUE_INTERFACE_
#define QUEUE_INTERFACE_

template<class ItemType>
class QueueInterface
{
public:
    virtual bool isEmpty() const = 0;
    virtual bool enqueue(const ItemType& anEntry) = 0;
    virtual bool dequeue() = 0;
    virtual ItemType dequeue() const = 0;

    virtual ~QueueInterface() { }
}; // end QueueInterface
#endif
```

# Applications Reading a String of Chars

- Pseudocode to read a string of characters into a queue

```
// Read a string of characters from a single line of input into a queue
aQueue = a new empty queue
while(not end of line)
{
    Read a new character into ch
    aQueue.enqueue(ch)
}
```

# Applications Recognizing a Palindrome

- **Question:** How can we detect that a certain string of characters is a palindrome?
- Examples of palindromes
  - Anna
  - Civic
  - Kayak
  - Level
  - Madam
  - Mom
  - Noon
  - Racecar

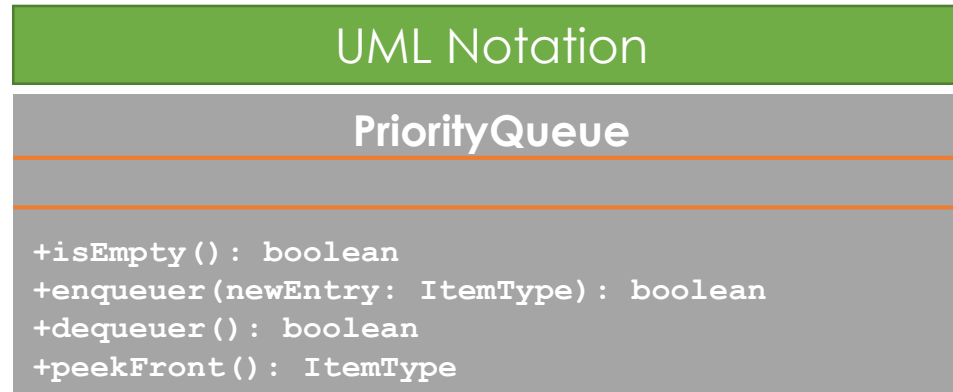
# The ADT Priority Queue

- Organize data by priorities
  - Example: weekly “to-do” list
- Priority value
  - We will say high value – high priority
- Operations
  - Test for empty
  - Add to queue in sorted position
  - Remove/get entry with highest priority



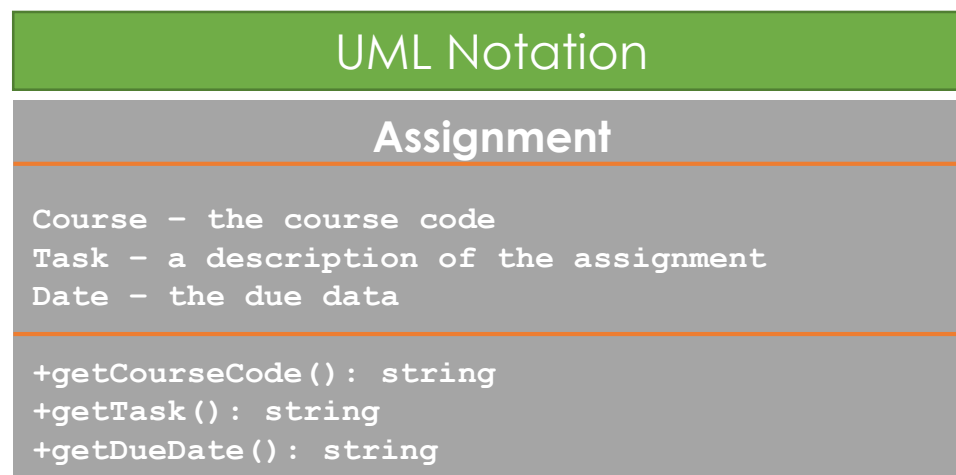
# The ADT Priority Queue

- UML diagram for the class PriorityQueue



# Tracking Your Assignments

- UML diagram for the class Assignment



# Tracking Your Assignments

- Pseudocode organize assignments, responsibilities

```
assignmentLog = a new priority queue using due date as the priority value
project = a new instance of Assignment
essay = a new instance of Assignment
quiz = a new instance of Assignment
errand = a new instance of Assignment
assignmentLog.enqueue(project)
assignmentLog.enqueue(essay)
assignmentLog.enqueue(quiz)
assignmentLog.enqueue(errand)
cout << "I should the following first: "
cout << assignmentLog.peekFront()
```

# Application: Simulation

- Simulation models behavior of systems
- Problem to solve
  - Approximate average time bank customer must wait for service from a teller
  - Decrease in customer wait time with each new teller added

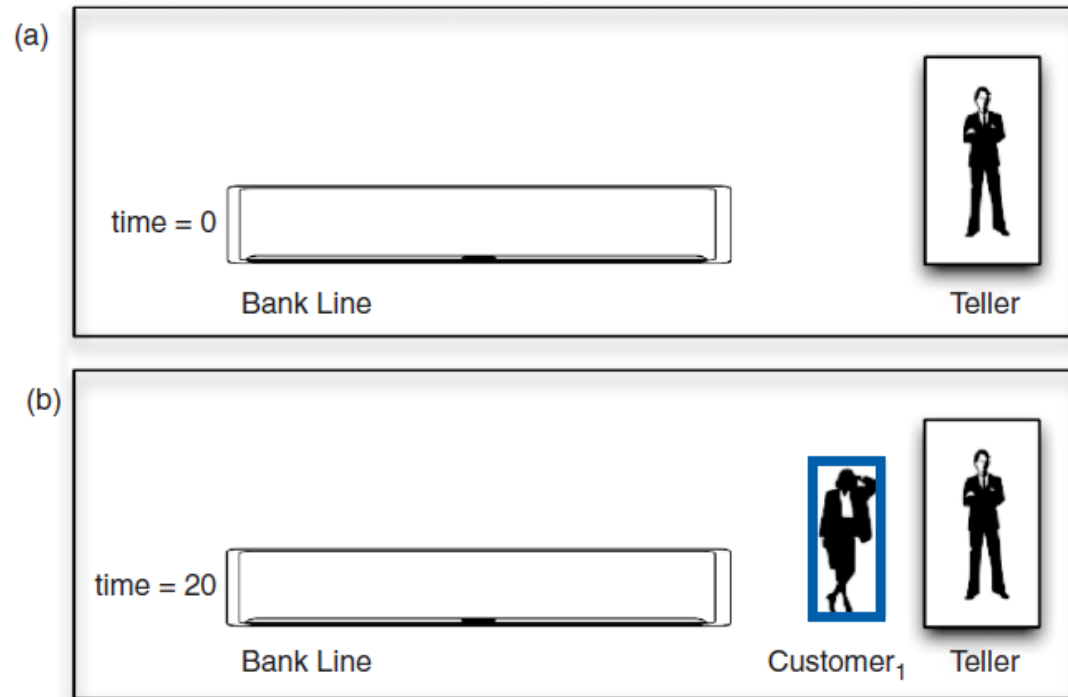
# Application: Simulation

- Sample arrival and transaction times

<u>Arrival time</u>	<u>Transaction length</u>
20	6
22	4
23	2
30	3

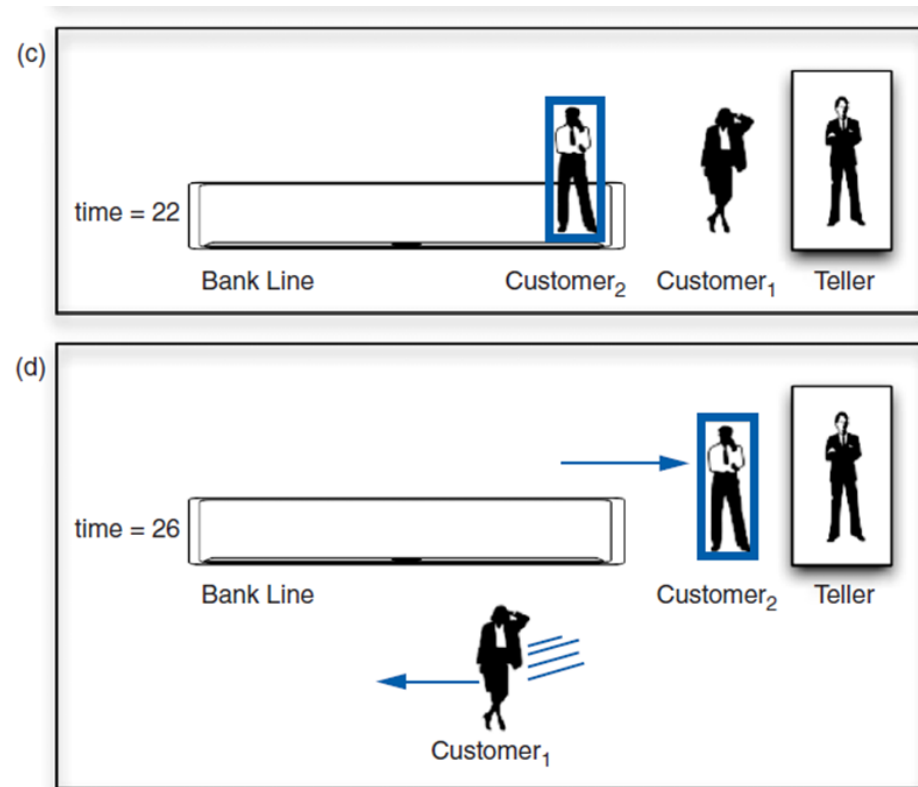
# Application: Simulation

- A bank line at time (a) 0; (b) 20; (c) 22; (d) 26



# Application: Simulation

- A bank line at time (a) 0; (b) 20; (c) 22; (d) 26



# Application: Simulation

- Pseudocode for an event loop

```
Initialize the line to "no customers"  
while (events remain to be processed)  
{  
    currentTime = time of next event  
    if (event is an arrival event)  
        Process the arrival event  
    else  
        Process the departure event  
  
    // When an arrival event and a departure event occur at the same time,  
    // arbitrary process the arrival event first  
}
```



# Application: Simulation

- Time-driven simulation
  - Simulates the ticking of a clock
- Event-driven simulation considers
  - Only the times of certain events
  - In this case, arrival(s) and departure(s)
- Event list contains
  - All future arrival and departure events

# Application: Simulation

- A typical instance of (a) an arrival event; (b) a departure event

	Type	Time	Length
(a) Arrival event	A	20	6

	Type	Time	Length
(b) Departure event	D	26	—

# Application: Simulation

- Two tasks required to process each event
  - Update the bank line: Add or remove customers
  - Update the event queue: Add or remove events
- New customer
  - Always enters bank line
  - Served while at the front of the line

# Position-Oriented and Value-Oriented ADTs

- Position-oriented ADTs
  - Stack, list, queue
- Value-oriented ADTs
  - Sorted list

# Position-Oriented and Value-Oriented ADTs

- Comparison of stack and queue operations
  - **isEmpty** for both
  - **Pop** and **dequeue**
  - **Peek** and **peekFront**

# Position-Oriented and Value-Oriented ADTs

- ADT list operations generalize stack and queue operations
  - **getLength**
  - **insert**
  - **remove**
  - **getEntry**

**Thank you**